

VIRG'A FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN,

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1833.

CONGRESS will meet on Monday next. Much curiosity is felt to see what the President will say to the other record of the year. In his message to Congress, Mr. Kendall has left the Hermitage, and is probably by this time in Washington. He will no doubt communicate Gen. Jackson's wishes.

THE STEAM SHIPS.—It will be seen that the Liverpool, about the safety of which serious fears have been felt for the last two weeks, arrived at New York on Friday last. Her delay was caused by her return from Cork, eight days after leaving to procure a new supply of coal, it having become apparent that she had not enough for the whole voyage.

The Great Western sailed from New York on Friday last, being her last trip this season. She had on board 100 passengers for England.

THE STATES.—The North Carolina Legislature has adjourned for the 10th instant. In the Senate, Mr. Joyner (Whig) was elected by a majority over Mr. Wilson (V. B.). In the House of Commons, Wm. A. Gorman (Whig) was elected Speaker on the 1st ballot by 12 votes over Michael Horne (V. B.). In both Houses, the Whigs were in the majority, having been three to one.

MISSISSIPPI.—Mr. Thorpe, one of the V. B. United States Senators by Alcorn (opp.), has signed his seat. The late elections for members of the Legislature having resulted in favor of the Whigs, it is presumed that a Whig will be elected to fill the vacancy.

The Mississippi gives the official returns of votes for State Treasurer, from 41 counties, by which it appears that Dr. Silas Brown, the Whig candidate, has received a majority of 1587 votes over Col. Fall, his Van Buren opponent, and the Whigs have a majority of 10,000, while the other candidates put together:

Brown's vote in 41 counties, 4694.
Fall, 3500.
Van Buren, 3311.
Dixon, 100.

So much for Van Burenism in Mississippi. We regret to learn that both Mr. Prentiss and Mr. Wood decline a re-election to Congress.

DELAWARE.—Our unfortunate defeat was in consequence of a division in the Whig party in that thorough Whig county, Old Stone. It appears that a bargain was made between the supporters of the Whig Reform ticket, and the opposition, that if the Van Buren party voted for the Reform ticket, they (the Whigs) would vote for Col. Robinson, for Congress.

The Whigs have a majority of eight in the Legislature, which ensures the re-election of the Whig, the Hon. H. R. Dayard, to the U. S. Senate.

MICHIGAN.—Some doubt still remains as to the result of the Michigan election; though the opinion seems to be that it has again gone in favor of the Administration by a greatly diminished majority. One thing, however, is certain, that the Whig gain is large, showing the tendency of public opinion in that quarter, and that only one more year is required to set all right in Michigan.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The next Legislature of this State will elect a U. S. Senator in place of Samuel McLean. Among the candidates spoken of, is THADDEUS STEVENS, Esq., who will no doubt receive the support of the Anti-Masonic party.

CANADIAN PATRIOTS.—Messrs. Theller, Dodge, McKenzie & Co., Canadian gentlemen, who have been engaged in the late disturbances in Canada, are going about the United States, holding public meetings, and addressing a number of our citizens, in relation to the civil war in the territories of Canada, and endeavoring to excite agitation and sympathy in this country.—McKenzie and Theller addressed a very large meeting at Washington Hall, Baltimore, on Thursday night last, and similar "sympathy" meetings have been held in New-York, Philadelphia, and other towns.

This whole proceeding, as the Alexandria Gazette remarks, strikes us as exceedingly improper. We do most sincerely sympathize with the Canadians, who are oppressed or unfortunate; but our "sympathy" is more likely to be appreciated than increased by the harangues of "foreign agitators" who, driven or flying from the scenes of war, come here to sow the seeds of dissension between friendly nations.

SUMMARY.—Constit. M. ROBINSON, Esq., has resigned the Presidency of the Richmond and Fredericksburg Rail-Road Company—and JOSEPH M. SWIFTON, Esq., has been elected in his place.

The case of MASON, indicted in Mason county, Kentucky, on a charge of treason, was adjourned sine die, until the 1st instant, and resulted in his acquittal. Our readers will recollect that it was the consequence of the trial of this man, by Gov. Vance, to the authorities of Kentucky, that the Van Buren party in Ohio, by abusing Gov. Vance for this act, succeeded in uniting all the Abolitionists of that State with their party, and thus succeeded in electing him.

The trial of the case of WILLIAM BROSSEWELL, on an indictment for forgery, which had been referred to trial in Marion County Court, has been adjourned, res ipsa loquitur, until the next term of that Court.—*Richmond Chronicle.*

Lewis Brewster has been nominated by the Van Buren party, as a candidate for Congress from the Wheeling district, W. Va. (Montgomery, V. B.) is the present representative.

If the steam ship Great Western reaches England at the anticipated time on her return voyage, she will have traversed 40,000 miles of water in nine months.

We understand that the trial of the case between portions of the Presbyterian Church will be adjourned, res ipsa loquitur, until the next term of the Court.—*Richmond Chronicle.*

A million dollars have been collected in Pennsylvania, since last November, as toll for merchandize that has passed between Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

Wm. H. B. Garrison, the popular anti-slavery orator, has just arrived in Liverpool, was only fifteen days from port to port.

The friends of Senator TALLMADGE gave him a splendid dinner at the American Hotel, in the city of New-York, on Friday evening last.

When Gen. Harrison's own State went against him the Van Burens claimed that he was entirely out of the question for the Presidency.

Mr. Van Buren has now in all probability lost his own State, and by the same rule, is out of the question for the Presidency. We concur in the following judgment upon the prospects of Mr. Clay's election to the Chief Magistracy without "opposition!"—Louisville Journal.

It is said, that the paragraph in Mr. Van Buren's Message about "the sober second thoughts of the people" was written by Senator Wright. What do such men as Senator Wright and Dr. Duncan know about sober thoughts? Neither of them has a sober thought once a month!—Is

GOOD NEWS FROM ILLINOIS.

It is seldom we have the pleasure of receiving letters so important and interesting as the following:

VIENNA, (Illinoian), Nov. 8, 1833.—
GENTLEMEN—I have received your bill of \$700, for my subscription to the *Commercial* and *Advertiser*, for the year 1833. Please accept my thanks for the same, which you will please place to my credit. I would have sent you this sum long since, had a good opportunity afforded. Thankful for your indulgence, I remain respectfully yours, &c. C. R. Vose.

We have also the pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of a like sum (\$100) from an old acquaintance and subscriber (W. S. STONE) at Pittsburgh, Pa., for which he will accept our thanks.

A large amount is due us from distant subscribers, and we have to rely solely upon their sense of justice, for its collection. To many of them we have lately made an appeal, by forwarding their accounts. But few, have yet honored our call. How long do they expect our labor and money (for our paper, &c., are costs) for nothing? However! If not, now is the time we should be happy to receive some assurance to the contrary. We have pressing demands to meet just now. Will you help us, or will you not? We put the question respectively, though directly, to each and all indeed.

The last National Intelligence contains a series of rules for the government of Newspapers, by M. CAREY, of Philadelphia, who says:—"No fair experience qualifies a man for the office of Monitor. I have some pretensions to knowledge, but I have not been three years in the service."—

During the first part of the voyage the wind was favorable. On the 6th instant the original passengers left the vessel at Cork, among whom were Mr. John Van Buren, Mr. Butler, Mr. McIntosh, of the British Legation, &c.

The Liverpool took her departure on the 10th, but after passing 120 miles against extremely rough weather and high seas, sustaining however, little damage, she put back on the 20th, on account of the great consumption of coal, which created what appears to have been a just apprehension that her stock might fail her. Her voyage was then continued. The engines, it would seem, had not been sufficiently tried before starting. The result was that she put into Cork on the eighth.

There she remained a week, taking in full supplies, and started again on Tuesday, the 16th instant. She arrived off Fire Island yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, where she remained for several hours, in consequence of the fog. She reached the city at 9 o'clock this morning, and anchored in the East river, a little above the wharf appropriated for the use of the Great Western.

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Bishop Mead, during the last week held a series of religious services at the Episcopal Chapel, in the City of New York.

Sunday administered the rite of Confirmation. The latter service was particularly interesting on account of one of the candidates, a young lady, being deaf and dumb. On Sunday evening the Bishop preached a discourse to the young men.

MARYLAND.—We have great satisfaction in stating that the Rt. Rev. Bishop of New Jersey has been invited by the Standing Committee of Maryland to perform Episcopal offices in that diocese during the present session of the Legislature, and that he has consented to accept the appointment. It is expected that he will speedily enter upon this route of

travel, necessarily in that capacity, devoted much time and attention to the duties, the rights, and the privileges of the station. The 20th inst. contains advice which we have too much reason to know is all-important, but by which we have nevertheless failed to be governed. It is as follows:

"Avoid the fatal error of neglecting the regular collection of your subscriptions. By this means many an editor has been stricken in his circumstances during a whole career, and finally died in poverty, while his published works are still in print. This is, however, one mode of effectively countering against this pernicious result, and that is stopping the paper as soon as the time for which the subscription has been paid has expired. There is not, I believe, any debt incurred about dues.

COPIES OF THE COMMERCIAL AND ADVERTISER.

The last Lancaster (Ohio) Eagle contains the following remarks in reference thereto:

"The printing stock commands a high price, and must be paid for, whether subscribers pay or not. All that can be done is to collect the money due, and then let the paper go, and let the printer be afforded in the present state of things, without a prompt and punctual return."

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POLITICAL ADVICE

From the Richmond *Advertiser* of No. 23.

NEW COALITIONS.

Time has unravelled the reason of the cessation of hostilities on the part of some of the Administration presses towards Mr. Nicholas Biddle and his Bank. Our readers are already apprised that this Bank is the fiscal agent of the government, and that its funds have been officially declared to be as good as specie. Now it is given out, among the 60 or 65 of the day, that "soft passage" have been interchanged between Mr. Van Buren and the "Money King"—that the latter notliking Mr. Clay's plan of a Bank and his preference of another individual than Mr. B. to preside over it, has declared his opposition to a National Bank, and his willingness to move on harmoniously with the "powers that be"—and that Benton, Kendall & Co., feeling scandalized at this new coalition, have shown signs of opposition.

It is not yet settled which branch of his new allies Mr. Calhoun is to be absorbed in. He will require a little time to define his position. At no time since the Van Buren wing, in preference to the Bentonian, it is then conjectured that the part of the Chronicle yet undisposed of, will be taken by the high contracting parties, and the *Globe* will be "whistled down the wind, a prey to fortune."

Great changes are to be seen in the more moderate political classes. Rivers is to be won back to the Administration—the Sub-Treasury being dead, is to be discarded as unsound—and the Anti-Bank party being thus strengthened, Martin is to be re-elected without doubt or difficulty. *"Yours truly,*

The Boston *Atlas* is renewing its efforts to prove that Gen. Garrison ought to be selected as the Whig candidate for the Presidency, and among other sage observations remarks, that the "Democracy of the Whigs" are for Harrison, while the "Aristocracy" of the same party are for Clay! Such an arrangement might

it will have but little weight when directed to the common sense of the Whigs.—The idea of associating Mr. Clay with the "Aristocracy" is perfectly ludicrous; and we can tell the Allies that sensible Whigs are not to be galled by such catchwords.

If upon a free consultation and

interchange of opinion, Gen. Garrison shall be deemed the most "available candidate," we have no doubt he will receive the support of all who are sincerely anxious to put out our present incompetent rulers—but this much we can safely say, as regards the South, that whether among the "Democracy" or the "Aristocracy" of the Whigs, the preference of Clay is as five to one over that of any other prominent statesman in the Union.

[Richard Wm. H.

The *Whig Candidate*.—The Lynchburg Virginian says: "It is a fact worthy of note that the three prominent names now before the public, in connection with the Presidency—Clay, Harrison and Van Buren,—the former is the only one who can obtain the vote of his own State."

We think that in this there is less than justice done to the Whigs of Ohio; as should General HARRISON be the candidate of the Whig National Convention, there is no doubt but he would obtain the vote of his State. But is not that of D. A. T. Weston a prominent name, and before the public in connection with the Presidency? And is there any doubt as to his being able to obtain the vote of his own State? In honoring the name, and paying just tribute to the merits and popularity of HENRY CLAY, let us take care to deal justly with those who distinguished Whigs of the Union, who have been named in connection with the high office of President of the United States. In this case, as in all others, the course of justice is the true policy. For we hold that by doing full and ample justice to the claims and qualifications of other "prominent" candidates, we shall best promote the interest of our own "first choice." *Baltimore Patriot.*

CONSERVATIVE RESOLUTIONS.

A congratulatory meeting of N. York Conservatives was held in the National Hall on last Thursday, on account of the result of the elections. The Hon. Gideon Lee presided—Richard Bicker and others were announced Vice-Presidents, and Friends of Free Trade were present.

The following among other resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we congratulate the administration of the federal government upon the evidence afforded by the recent election, of the "sober second thoughts of the people." That the anti-slavery, *abolitionists* and *descendants* of the *slave* *slavery* scheme, having now been several times rejected, will be consigned to the tomb of the *Caputus*, and its anxious godfathers left to "follow in its foot steps."

Resolved, That in view of the impetuous first thoughts, as well as the "sober second thoughts of the people" at this State, the supporters of the federal and monarchical Sub-Treasury, stand rightly rebuked and explicitly condemned, and as Mr. Van Buren has declared, "the sober second thought NEVER WRONG," we expect him on this occasion to execute the popular will and make it "always efficient."

A large number of the most conservative assembled in the Town Hall in Hagerstown, on Wednesday 14th instant, when John Newcomer, Esq. was called to the Chair, and Thomas Austin appointed Secretary. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Whigs of Washington County, from the bottom of their hearts, thank the freemen of New York for their timely rescue of the endangered republic.

Resolved, That we trust that President Van Buren, during the short term of way that remains to him, will bow to the "sober second thoughts of the people," as at least this time, "right and effective."

Col. Polk, in his late speech at Nashville, after pouring forth the foulest abuse upon the Banking institutions of the country, made a special exception in favor of the Banks of Tennessee. It is a curious fact, that the V. B. demagogues, no matter how violent they may denounce Banks in general, uniformly except those of their own State from censure. Mr. Polk perceived his mistake until his creditors objected to let him go on tick any longer.

those of New York, and the Louisville *Advertiser* thinks them all knavish except those of Kentucky. These chaps, it seems, have courage enough to shun institutions at a distance, but are afraid to tell lies upon those in their own neighborhood. *Louisville Journal.*

Two of the New York delegates in the present Congress, who were elected as Van Burenites, cut themselves loose from the party—and voted against the Sub-Treasury. One of them, John C. Lane, was candidate again, and is triumphantly re-elected. The other, John Edwards, was not again a candidate, but his district, which gave Mr. Van Buren a majority of 1,333, has now elected a decided Whig!

It is thus the people sustain their faith and honest public servants. And it is further worthy of remark that but four of the present delegation—a voice to the Senate—have been candidates for re-election have been defeated and by large majorities!

It is thus the people set their seal of disapprobation upon peaceful and disinterested public servants! Let others talk warning!

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The disgruntled *Torch Light* of Friday last gives the following statement of a most melancholy accident:

MURK MELTING.—On Saturday evening

Thursday night last, Mr. Christian Wilson, a young man accidentally shot his head off, within a few feet of his bed, and the ball entered the left side, a little in front of the ear, and passed out of the back of the head, carrying a portion of the brain and skull with it. The child continued to breathe for fifteen or twenty minutes, when it expired. Mr. W. was examining a pistol, which accidentally went off, the ball passing through the thin part of his hand, through the child's head, slightly wounding a young man in his employment, in the skin, and lodged in a partition of the room in which the accident

occurred.

More Horrid Murder in Mississippi.—We last night received the *Grenada Mississ.* Bulletin, of the 8th inst., in which we find an account of a most horrid scene of bloodshed and murder. The Bulletin states that Olden Gibson of Warren county sold some time since, a tract of land on Yasso river, and some forty or fifty negroes on a long credit, to Wilson and Simpson, with an agreement on the part of Wilson to give to Gibson the proceeds of their crops annually in liquidation of the debt, and a ten per cent. profit on the produce.

PLASTER.—Sales this week at \$40 to \$42 per ton.

POTATOES.—Mercer 75 cents per bushel.

WHIPEAT.—Store price of barrels \$14 to \$16 per barrel.

CORN.—Sales of white were made yesterday at \$7 to \$8 cents, and of yellow at \$7 to \$8 cents white, to-day at \$6 to \$8 cents.

PARCLES.—Sales of new domestic seed have appeared at market, but as yet there have been no sales.

WHEAT.—Sales at \$5.50 to \$6 per bushel.

WHEAT.—Good to very good for shipment.

HOPS.—Sales at \$25 to \$30 per bushel.

HAZELNUTS.—Sales at \$12 to \$14 cents per pound.

WAGON PORK.—We find it difficult to quote, hearing all prices named from \$8 to \$9 per cent.

PROVISIONS.—Sales of fresh Wagon Pork of good quality.

Extract of a letter to the *Editor of the Baltimore American*.

I do not know that you will be interested in the price of *Wanax*, but it may be interesting to some of your friends to know, that if is the impression of dr. best informed factors of exchange, here, that the prices will continue to advance, and that the port will again be open to admit Wheat and Flour at a nominal duty, in the course of next Spring. Good American flour would now bring 48 shillings in hand.

SHREWD.—Send their petition for the life of him who gave them life,—let them beseech from thee the author of their existence.

By that humanity which we have often been told dwelt in the breast of European nobility; by the tender mercies of the enlightened souls of Englishmen, by the honor, the virtue, the honesty, and the maternal feelings of thy great Queen, whose numerous offspring is so dear to her, the miserable wife of thy prisoner beseeches thee to spare her husband's life, and to restore him to her arms. Thy God will reward thee, thy country must thank thee, and she now petitioning will ever pray for thee, if thou grantest the prayer of thy humble vassal!

This petition was presented by the unhappy woman to the Governor, who after having pursued it, gave orders that Alms All Awn should be immediately strangled, and this order was put into instant execution.

FASHIONS, 1833.—Dear mother, you must let me have fourteen yards in my new frock. Mrs. Thompson says she can't get a pair of sleeves out of less than seven. And you know, mother, that a dress would look so bad with scintled sleeves. Did you see Miss Mixer's new dress, how awkward it looked—the sleeves all scrimped up, and she had five yards in them—you must get fourteen, mother!

1833.—Oh mother, I do wish you would let me get my new frock.

Printings, 1833.—The annual printing of the *Richmond Enquirer*.

DEATH OF JOHN RANE, ESQ.—The moderately aged Mr. John Rane, of the German Reformed Church, a heavy weekly paper executed by contr. of the materials of the office are equalized by very few in the country, being good, and ample in quantity for two newspapers and all other purposes, the presses being of the best, and allinking done by machine. The price is \$9,000, a sum, it is believed, not sufficient to cover the actual cost of printing, and the loss of the printer.

Tickets only \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2.50.

ORDERS FOR THE CAPITAL PRIZES, may be addressed to

JOHN CLARK, Baltimore, Md.

W. Corner of Baltimore and Calvert Streets, under the Museum.

Nov. 22, 1833.

DIED.—In Martinsburg, on Thursday evening the 15th instant, in the 28th year of her age, Mrs. SARAH HOLLOWAY WATTS, wife of Harrison WATTS, Equally daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John HOLLOWAY.

On Thursday evening last, at Fredericktown, Md., by the Rev. L. Pitts, Mr. THOMAS HARRISON, to Miss MARTHA GARDNER, both of Harper's Ferry.

DEPARTED THIS LIFE, on the 17th instant, in the 37th year of her age, Mrs. LUCY THOMAS, wife of Lloyd Thomas, Esq., and daughter of Mr. James Brown of this town.

On the 17th inst., at his residence in Halifax county, in the 54th year of his age, Mrs. MARY A. HOLLOWAY, wife of Peter HOLLOWAY.

DEPARTED THIS LIFE, on the 11th instant, at Fredericksburg, Va., Col. THOMAS DAVENPORT, in the 54th year of his age, formerly representative of that district in Congress.

At Hotel Mary's, on the 19th inst., Mrs. E. POWELL, in the 54th year of her age.

On Thursday last, aged about 45 years, Miss ELIZABETH LIVY, of this county.

In Pickaway county, Ohio, on the 3d instant, in the 20th year of her age, Mrs. MARY VANCE, VANCE, wife of Van E. VANCE, and daughter of Col. James H. SOWER, of Frederick County, Va.

From the *Richmond Enquirer*.

DEATH OF JOHN RANE, ESQ.—

The moderately aged Mr. John Rane, of the German Reformed Church, a heavy weekly paper executed by contr. of the materials of the office are equalized by very few in the country, being good, and ample in quantity for two newspapers and all other purposes, the presses being of the best, and allinking done by machine. The price is \$9,000, a sum, it is believed, not sufficient to cover the actual cost of printing, and the loss of the printer.

Printings, 1833.—The annual printing of the *Richmond Enquirer*.

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